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CONSTABLES JURISDICTION.

Tallahassee, Fla., July 13, 1917.

Dear Sir:

Your letter of the 11th instant received asking information as to whether or not a constable has authority to make an arrest out of his district without first procuring a warrant from a justice of the peace or county judge.

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Replying to above will state that under Sections (1687 and 3902) of the General Statutes the jurisdiction of a constable extends over the entire county under the restrictions there mentioned as to fees, etc. I would therefore assume that you would have authority to make arrests without warrants (for such offenses as are enumerated in the statutes) outside the district for which you were elected or commissioned.

The Attorney General has no authority to officially advise in matters of this kind and this is merely to assist you in arriving at a proper conclusion in the premises.

Yours very truly,

T. F. WEST,

Attorney General.

COUNTY JUDGE—SUPERVISION OF DELINQUENT CHILDREN.

Tallahassee, Fla., July 19, 1917.

My Dear Sir:

Your communication of the 17th instant asking, in effect, for my opinion as to whether a "County Judge has full power and authority to deal with dependent and delinquent children," has been received.

Replying to your inquiry, I beg to advise that it is my opinion that Section 1208b, Compiled Laws of 1914, places the duty upon the County Judge to exercise supervision or control of dependent and delinquent children, and that Sections 1208d, 1208j and 1208l provide the manner in which such duty may be performed.

The Attorney General is not authorized to officially advise in matters of this kind and therefore what is said in this letter cannot be regarded as an official expression from this office.

Yours very truly,
T. F. WEST,
Attorney General.

TAX EXEMPTIONS UNDER CONSTITUTION.

Tallahassee, Fla., July 21, 1917.

My Dear Sir:

Yours of the 18th instant has been received.

I note your inquiry as follows:

"Section 431 paragraph seven revised statutes reads as follows:

"There shall be exempt from taxation property to the value of two hundred dollars to every widow dependent upon her own exertions, and to every person who has lost a limb or been disabled in war or by misfortune to that extent that it disqualified him from the performance of manual labor."

"Please advise me at your earliest convenience if this law applies to persons residing in other States and owning property in this State."

The constitutional provision on this subject is Section 9 of Article IX of the Constitution as amended at the general election of 1916 and reads as follows: