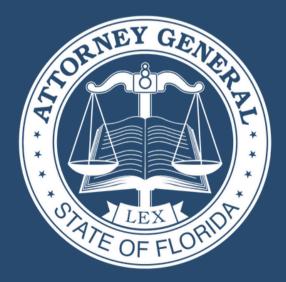
2022 Online Safety Toolkit





KEEPING CHILDREN SAFE ONLINE

(via U.S. Department of Justice)

Due to school closings and stay-at-home orders resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, children's increased online presence may put them at greater risk of child exploitation. Parents, guardians, caregivers, and teachers can take the following measures to help protect children from becoming victims of online child predators:

- open communication with you.
- use.
- uploads, and user anonymity, which are frequently relied upon by online child predators.
- and electronic devices.
- will be permanently on the internet.
- inappropriate requests both in the physical world and the virtual world.
- them to engage in sexual activity or other inappropriate behavior.
- Exploited Children (NCMEC) at 1-800-843-5678 or report.cybertip.org.

For additional resources on online child safety, visit NCMEC's website at missingkids.org/netsmartz/home. For more information about the Department of Justice's response to COVID-19, visit justice.gov/coronavirus.

• DISCUSS INTERNET SAFETY AND DEVELOP AN ONLINE SAFETY PLAN with children before they engage in online activity. Establish clear guidelines, teach children to spot red flags, and encourage children to have

• SUPERVISE YOUNG CHILDREN'S USE OF THE INTERNET, including periodically checking their profiles and posts. Keep electronic devices in open, common areas of the home and consider setting time limits for their

• **REVIEW GAMES, APPS, AND SOCIAL MEDIA SITES** before they are downloaded or used by children. Pay particular attention to apps and sites that feature end-to-end encryption, direct messaging, video chats, file

• ADJUST PRIVACY SETTINGS AND USE PARENTAL CONTROLS for online games, apps, social medial sites,

• TELL CHILDREN TO AVOID SHARING PERSONAL INFORMATION, PHOTOS, AND VIDEOS ONLINE in public forums or with people they do not know in real life. Explain to your children that images posted online

• **TEACH CHILDREN ABOUT BODY SAFETY AND BOUNDARIES**, including the importance of saying 'no' to

• **BE ALERT TO POTENTIAL SIGNS OF ABUSE**, including changes in children's use of electronic devices, attempts to conceal online activity, withdrawn behavior, angry outbursts, anxiety, and depression.

• ENCOURAGE CHILDREN TO TELL A PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR OTHER TRUSTED ADULT if anyone asks

• IMMEDIATELY REPORT SUSPECTED ONLINE ENTICEMENT OR SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OF A CHILD by calling 911, contacting the FBI at tips.fbi.gov, or filing a report with the National Center for Missing &

Online Enticement

OVERVIEW

Online Enticement involves an individual communicating with someone believed to be a child via the internet with the intent to commit a sexual offense or abduction. This is a broad category of online exploitation and includes sextortion, in which a child is being groomed to take sexually explicit images and/or ultimately meet face-to-face with someone for sexual purposes, or to engage in a sexual conversation online or, in some instances, to sell/trade the child's sexual images. This type of victimization takes place across every platform; social media, messaging apps, gaming platforms, etc.

Via: National Center for Missing & Exploited Children

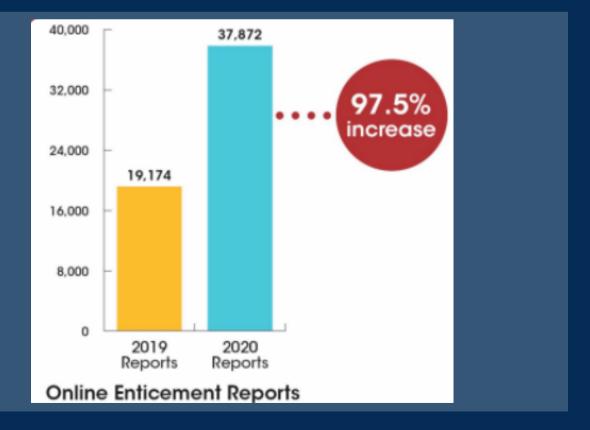
RISK FACTORS

Certain online behaviors may increase the risk for online enticement and becoming a victim of sextortion. These behaviors include:

- Lying about being older in order to access certain platforms which would allow communication with older individuals.
- Initiating online communication and/or offering an exchange with offenders, such as requesting financial compensation, alcohol/drugs, gifts, etc. for sexually explicit content of oneself.
- Sending explicit photos or videos (known as "sexts") of oneself to another user.

RED FLAGS

- Engaging in sexual conversation/role-playing as a grooming method, rather than a goal.
- Asking the child for sexually explicit images of themselves or mutually sharing images.
- Developing a rapport through compliments, discussing shared interests or "liking" their online post, also known as grooming.
- Sending or offering sexually explicit images of themselves.
- Pretending to be younger.
- Offering an incentive such as a gift card, alcohol, drugs, lodging, transportation or food.



Social Media

Beyond the Big 3





Snapchat

One of the most popular apps in recent years. While it promises users can take photo/video and it will disappear, new features including stories allow users to view content for up to 24 hours. Snapchat also allows users to see your location on their Snap Map.



A popular messaging app that allows users to send texts, photos, voicemail, make calls and video chats worldwide. WhatsApp uses an internet connection on smartphones and computers.

WhatsApp

Kik



A mobile app that allows anyone to contact and direct message your child. Kids can bypass traditional text messaging features. Kik gives users unlimited access to anyone, anywhere, anytime.

MeetMe

A dating social media app that allows users to connect with people based on geographic proximity. As the name suggests, users are encouraged to meet each other in person.

Whisper

An anonymous social network that promotes sharing secrets with strangers. It also reveals a user's location so people can meet up.



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Live.Me

A live-streaming video app that uses geolocation to share videos so users can find out a broadcaster's exact location. Users can earn "coins" as a way to "pay" minors for photos.

Discord



An app that allows users to talk to friends and strangers in real-time via voice, text, or video chat while playing video games.



An app popular with kids for creating and sharing short videos. With very limited privacy controls, users are vulnerable to cyberbullying and explicit content.

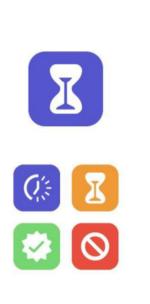
TikTok

Apps

PARENTS SHOULD KNOW ABOUT

Use Parental Controls and Restrictions on Devices







For iPhones, iPads, and other Apple products:

Parental controls and restrictions can be set up in Screen Time found in Settings.

For more information see Apple's instructions at support.apple.com/en-us/HT201304

For Android products:

Parental controls can be set up via the Google Play App. For more information see Google's instructions at support.google.com/googleplay/answer/10 75738?hl=en

Resources

For additional resources on online child safety visit the sites linked below:

National Center for Missing & Exploited Children's website: missingkids.org/netsmartz/home **NCMEC's Cyber Tipline**: www.missingkids.org/gethelpnow/cybertipline National Human Trafficking Hotline's Resource Library: humantraffickinghotline.org/resources

NAAG Parental Controls to Keep Children Safe Online: www.consumerresources.org/parental-controls-for-children-online/ U.S. Department of Justice's KEEPING CHILDREN SAFE ONLINE:

www.justice.gov/coronavirus/keeping-children-safe-online